

Striped Squill

A deer- and rodent-resistant naturalizer native to the Caucasus, circa 1805. It is best grown in moist, fertile, well-draining soil in full sun to partial sunlight. It yields numerous stems of six to eight, little, rounded, star-shaped pale blue-white flowers with deep blue midveins and strappy, shiny foliage. Puschkinia takes time to mature, and if it's happy where it's planted and left undisturbed, it naturalizes by bulb offsets (called bulbils: baby bulbs on the sides of the mother bulb you've planted), and maybe even by self-sowing seed. It's terrific planted en masse in garden borders, sunny woodland borders and rock gardens. You'll need nine bulbs per square foot. Bulb size: 6 cm/up. Full to partial sunlight. Bloom time in horticultural zone 5: April. Plant 4"" deep and 4"" apart. HZ: 4-8. Height: 5"". Puschkinia sciolliodes, #1 transplants, nursery propagated."

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SKU: striped-squill

Price: \$10 for 10 bulbs

Categories: Naturalizers, Specialty Bulbs

Product Description



Product Description

Jacob's Ladder or Sword Lily

Circa 1629, this hardy heirloom has dense spires of glowing, purple-red flowers, white-striped interiors above low growing, sword-like foliage. Fabulous for cutting gardens! Bulb size: 6 cm/up. May/June. Plant 6"" deep and 6"" apart. HZ: 5-9. 16"" to 24"". Gladiolus communis ssp byzantinus Read More

SKU: jacobs-ladder-or-sword-lily

Price: \$10 for 10 bulbs

Categories: Naturalizers, Specialty Bulbs



Trout Lily or Dogtooth Violet

Deer- and rodent-resistant, Erythronium pagoda is best grown in moist, humus-rich, neutral pH, well-draining soil in full sun to partial shade. Unlike most bulbs, it can handle, and actually prefers soil with a little bit more moisture in the spring, but likes drier conditions over the summer. A good naturalizer, if it's happy where it's planted and is left undisturbed, it naturalizes by bulb offsets (called bulbils: baby bulbs on the sides of the mother bulb you've planted) and occasionally by self-sowing seed. It's terrific planted en masse in natural settings like sun-dappled woodlands, around shrubbery and in partial shade gardens. Its bulb is actually a pointed, fleshy corm. A robust hybrid cross of Erythronium tuolumnense and Erythronium revolutum, species native to the U.S. west coast. Highly acclaimed, it was given the Royal Horticultural Society's Award of Garden Merit. It yields lush, attractive ground level green foliage with variable garnet mottling and dark slender stems with one or more, pendant, fairy-cap shaped sulfur-yellow flowers with interior garnet-banded bases and yellow anthers. Its flowers are larger and grow taller than those of either of its parents. You'll need four to six bulbs per square foot. (Square footage is determined multiplying the planting site's length times its width.) Bulb size: 10 cm/up. Full to partial sunlight. Bloom time in horticultural zone 5: April/May. Plant 4"" deep and 6"" apart immediately upon receipt: they don't like being out of the soil. HZ: 4-8. Height: 12"" to 14""."

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SKU: trout-lily-or-dogtooth-violet

Price: \$10.00

Categories: Naturalizers, Specialty Bulbs



Product Description

Fumewort, bird in a bush

This award-winning selection of the bee-loved Scandinavian tuber has clusters of tubular pink flowers, flashes of white on the spurs and ferny foliage. As these charming woodland flowers mature, they fade to a paler shade of pink. Moisture tolerant, it needs rich, well-draining soil in part shade. Deerproof. Bulb size: 6 cm/up. April. Plant 4" deep and 4" apart.

HZ: 5-8. 4" to 5".

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SKU: fumewort-bird-in-a-bush

Price: \$10.00

Categories: Naturalizers, Specialty Bulbs



Muscari Armeniacum Julia

This new, much sought-after sport has shiny, white-edged lavender-sky blue florets topped with greenish-white florets that open bright white. The name Muscari derives from the work musk, due to its slight fragrance. Deer- and rodent-resistant Muscari naturalize readily in well-draining soil and in full to partial sunlight. They make good cut flowers too. You'll need about nine bulbs per square foot. Bulb size: 8/up cm. Full to partial sunlight. Bloom time in horticultural zone 5: April/May. Plant 5" deep and 3" to 4" apart. HZ: 4-8. Height: 6" (or a little taller).

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SKU: muscari-armeniacum-julia

Price: \$10 for 10 bulbs

Categories: Naturalizers, Specialty Bulbs



Siberian Squill

Circa 1796, the Siberian Squill bears up to six, drooping, vivid sky-blue flowers on strong stems to emblazon woodland floors, rock gardens and garden borders. It is particularly lovely planted underneath white Narcissi. One of the most widely planted of all special miscellaneous bulbs, Spring Beauty naturalizes readily in areas of light shade or dappled sunlight. When it's really happy where planted, it can naturalize by both bulb offsets (baby bulbs on the sides of the mother bulb you've planted) and self-sowing seed. You'll need about nine bulbs per square foot. (Square footage is determined multiplying the planting site's length times its width.) In woodland settings, you can also scatter-plant the bulbs for a more natural look. This year's harvest has produced top size bulbs 7/8 cm. Full to partial sunlight. Bloom time in horticultural zone 5: April. Plant 5"" deep and 4"" to 6"" apart. HZ: 3-8. Height: 5"". (Scilla are also good for forcing: pot them up in mid-October, pre-cool them at a consistent, dark 38° to 45°F for six to eight weeks with moderate watering. Bring them into the house~they will bloom about two to four weeks later."

Read More

SKU: siberian-squill

Price: \$10.00

Categories: Naturalizers, Specialty Bulbs



Siberian Lily or the Lavender Mountain Lily

This deer- and-rodent resistant naturalizer has slender stems topped with loose umbels of a dozen or so flowers that range from light to deep violet-blue flowers with paler midveins and grass-like foliage. They start funnel-shaped and then open into large star-shaped flowers. It is best grown in neutral pH, well-draining soil in full sunlight. If it's happy where it's planted, particularly in areas with hot almost arid summer conditions, and is left undisturbed, it slowly naturalizes by bulb offsets (called bulbils: baby bulbs on the sides of the mother bulb you've planted) and maybe even by self-sowing seed. Since it's not tremendously hardy, you may want to apply no more than a 2"" layer of mulch after the surface of the ground freezes to protect it from winter temperature spiking in the event of inconsistent snow coverage. It makes a terrific cut flower. You'll need nine bulbs per square foot. (Square footage is determined multiplying the planting site's length times its width.) Bulb size: 4 cm/up (this species makes a very small top-size bulb). Full sunlight. Bloom time in horticultural zone 5: Late May/June. Plant 5" deep and 4" apart. HZ: 5-9. Height: 15"". Ixiolirions tataricum ssp. pallasii **Read More**

SKU: siberian-lily-or-the-lavender-mountain-lily

Price: \$10 for 10 bulbs

Categories: Naturalizers, Specialty Bulbs