

American Cranberry (Viburnum trilobum)

Also called Viburnum opulus var. americanum, Highbush Cranberry This is not a true cranberry or low bush cranberry (Vaccinium macrocarpon, in the Heath family), this American cranberry bush is one of the showiest of our native Viburnums. The American cranberry bush produces an edible fruit that is somewhat similar in taste, color and ripening time to cranberries, thus its confusing name. This shrub grows 8'-12' high with an equal spread. Showy, snow-white, lace-cap type flowers, are fragrant and bloom in mid to late May. Beginning in September, bright red fruits serve as food for birds and wildlife. Fall foliage color may be yellow, red, orange or burgundy is just one of the many attributes of this large and attractive native shrub. Prefers good, well-drained, moist soil and partial shade to full sun. Native Range: BC east to Newfoundland, south to Washington state and east to northern Virginia. Native Habitat: cool moist woodlands, streambanks in wooded areas, sandy swamps, soggy thickets, edges of sandy marshes, forested bogs, and roadside ditches Alternative to the similar European cranberry-bush (Viburnum opulus) which has become an invasive plant in some areas. Use Wildlife: Songbirds, gamebirds, small mammals. The berries are a winter-survival food because they remain on the branches above the snow. Attracts: Birds, Butterflies. Larval Host: Spring Azure size: 2 year, 18-24" bare root \$15 for 5 Photo Credits:

- Rob Routledge, Sault College, <u>Bugwood.org</u>
 http://www.nwplants.com

Price: \$15 for 5





Also called American Filbert American Hazelnut produces edible nuts for humans and wildlife, that are easy to open. Mature height of 15'–18' and a spread of 10'–12'. Fast growing. Can produce nuts 2 years after planting. Plant in multiples to ensure pollination. Leaves turn orange to red or purple in fall. Sun/Part Sun/Native/Attracts Birds/Attracts Mammals size: 1 year,

12-18" bare root / price: \$15 for 5

Price: \$15 for 5

Black Choke



Shrub with white 5 Glossy, dark green Long lasting black/ 4'-8' wide. Grows v sucker and form co will tolerate a range compacted, low fer drought. Sometime windbreaks in wette be prepared correct antioxidants, the be Russia and eastern baked goods, jams, Americans used the common name refe berries, which may sweetener, or mixir "Preserving *Aronia* Scientific Insight" o the berries causes reducing their astri mammals browse the astringent berries only when other food sources dwindle in late winter. Native to Great Lakes region, Northeastern US and higher elevations in Appalachians. Native Habitat: Lowlands; bogs; dunes; cliffs. Flowers attract small bees and fruits attract birds. 6-12" bare root seedlings- \$10 for 5

Price: \$10 for 5 plants

Buttonbush



Also known as buttonball, button willow, riverbush. Semi-aquatic native shrub is one of the latest to leaf out in spring. It has distinctive balls, or buttons, about the size of a gumball, of white to cream colored flowers that bloom in June. The flowers are fragrant, last about 1 month, and are followed by seedheads that turn red and eventually dark brown. The seedheads last and provide winter interest. Grows 5'-12', tall, 4'-8' wide. Deer-resistant. Grows in full sun to partial sun. Grows in wet soils, even flooded conditions and standing water. Both nectar and pollen are important. Special value to honeybees, and native bees including bumblebees. Also attracts butterflies, insects, moths including Titan Sphinx, Hydrangea sphinx. Fruits are eaten by waterfowl, and birds. Native to eastern US and Canada, and Mexico. Scattered populations in southwestern US. size: 1 year, 18-24" bare root seedlings \$15 for 5

Price: \$15 for 5 plants

Fragrant Sumac (Rhus aromatica)



Glossy, blue-greenish, trifoliate leaves turn orange, red, purple and yellow in fall. Reaches 6-12 feet tall. Catkin-like flowers precede dark red berries that can persist into March. size: 18-24" bare root, \$15 for 5

images courtesy of Arthur Haines and Bill Cullina, Native Plant Trust

Price: \$15 for 5



Highbush B corymbosui

Wild highbush blue wetland margins, m areas. Berries mat birds. Many birds, tanagers, and thrus bears. Old shrubs c appearance with a The upright, decidu America. Mature p an equal spread an flashes bright shad clusters ("corymbs' urn-shaped flowers berries are dark blu bloom on their surfa best fruit productio within 10-25 foot varieties, so not bre rooted cuttings con rooted cuttings, 6-1 **Price:** \$35 for 10



Ninebark (Populifolius)

Physocarpus opulifo an upright, spreadi shrub closely relate occurs along strear moist thickets. Gro exfoliating bark (on strips to reveal sev inner bark . Bark pr usually hidden by t season. Features sr flowers appearing i diameter, spirea-lik Flowers give way to (inflated seed caps lobed leaves (to 4" changing to an und grown in average, s moisture, well-drain Tolerates a wide ra needed immediatel mid-August. Plants early spring to rejuplant to promote w source of nectar an insects, among the bees, and wasps. T species of aphids, k of various moths. A deer. The seeds mi borders, as a hedge banks. Able to grow

bare root plants 1

Price: \$25 for 5



Northern Bayberry (Myrica pensylvanica or Morella pensylvanica)

Easily grown in average, dry to medium, well-drained soils in full sun to part shade. Prefers moist, peaty or sandy, acidic soils, but tolerates a wide range of soils and growing conditions, including poor soils, wet soils, drought, high winds and salt spray (seashore or road salt conditions). Groupings of plants need a least one male plant to facilitate pollination of the female plants and subsequent fruit set. Shrubs tend to sucker, and may form sizable colonies in optimum growing conditions.

Deep green foliage is semi-evergreen. Leaves aromatic when crushed. Waxy gray berries in fall and winter can be used to make candles. Mature height 5'-10' tall and wide. Great choice for poor sandy soils. New supplier for 2024. size: 12-18" bare root, **\$20 for 5**

Price: \$20 for 5

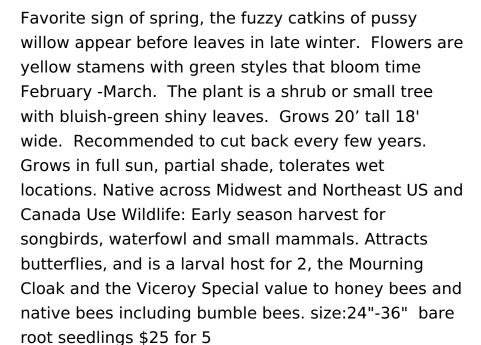


Pollinator Mix Pack

Two each of the following native species attractive to pollinators: 2- 12-18" Choke Cherry (Prunus virginiana), 2- 12-18" American Plum (Prunus americana), 2- 12-18" Meadowsweet (Spiraea alba), 2- 12-18" Pasture Rose (Rosa carolina), 2- 12-18" Red Osier Dogwood (Cornus stolonifera) 10 bare root plants \$60

Price: \$60 for 10 plants

Pussy willow (Salix discolor)



Price: \$25 for 5



Red Elderbe racemosa)

Red elderberry is a openings; its seeds years until a gap open sometimes on "nurse from the root crown mammals (such as the juicy fruits and and snowshoe hare leaves are bitter and chemical, which is the deer and other ung streamsides to contact pollinators and specific pollinators are seeds."



in full sun, part sun, and full shade.

Bright red berries not palatable to humans as are the more common Sambucus nigra, with its dark berries,

Size: 1 year, 6-12" Price: 5 for \$10

Price: \$10 for 5

Red Osier Dogwood (Cornus stolinifera)



Easily recognized in winter for its bright red stems. In the spring it has showy umbels of white flowers. Blooms in mid-May to June and has a second bloom in July-August. White berries, red and purple foliage on display in autumn. Fast growing shrub gets 6-12' tall and will form a thicket or hedge. May grow as low as 3', depending on light, soil and moisture. Bright stem color occurs on stem < 3 years old. Prune older stems to retain color. Adapted to wide range of soils from wet to dry, and tolerant of flooding and wet soils. Native to all of US and Canada except south central plains into Texas. Attracts birds. 6-12" bare root seedlings , \$10

for 5

Price: \$10 for 5 plants





Shade-loving bush grows 6'-12' tall. Aromatic stems and leaves. Pale yellow flowers yield bright red berries in the fall which are enjoyed by all types of wildlife. The green leaves turn a vibrant yellow in the fall. Native, partial sun/shade, moist soil. Attracts birds, butterflies, native bees and pollinators. 12-18" bare root, **5 for \$18** Native, Partial Sun/Shade, Moist Soil

Price: \$18 for 5



Steeplebush (Spirea tomentosa)

Spiraea tomentosa, called steeplebush or hardhack, is a suckering deciduous shrub that grows 2-4' tall with a slightly larger spread. Tiny pink to rose to rose-purple flowers in dense, narrow, steeple-shaped, terminal spikes (to 4-8" long) bloom from top to bottom from mid-summer to early autumn. Flowers are attractive to butterflies. Native to wet meadows, wet pastures, boggy areas, marshes, fields, and lake margins from Nova Scotia to Ontario south to Kansas, Louisiana and Georgia. Elliptic to ovate, medium to dark green leaves (to 3" long) with coarse marginal teeth are tapered at both ends and densely tomentose (yellowish-brown hairs) beneath. Images thanks to Dan Wilder https://norcrosswildlife.org/

Price: \$15 for 5



Wetland Mix Pack

Two each of the following native species suited to wet areas: 2- 12-18" Spice Bush (Lindera benzoin), 2- 12-18" Pussy Willow (Salix discolor), 2- 12-18" Button Bush (Cephalanthus occidentalis), 2-12-18" Nannyberry (Viburnum lentago), 2- 12-18" River Birch(Betula nigra) 10 bare root plants - \$55

Price: 10 plants for \$55



Wildlife Mix Pack

Two each to the following native species attractive to wildlife: 2- 6-12" Swamp White Oak (Quercus bicolor), 2- 6-12" American Hazelnut (Corylus americana), 2- 6-12" Ninebark (Physocarpus opulifolius), 2- 6-12" American Plum (Prunus americana), 2- 6-12" Red Osier Dogwood (Cornus stolonifera) 10 bare root plants \$40

Price: \$40 for 10 plants



Winterberry

Vivid red winter ber winter food source leaves. Grows 5' - 1 choice for shadier visun. All soil types of Native to US east of Native Habitat: Swalakes or ponds Flow valuable for insect, is winter food for biplants grow as either female plants produneeded for pollinations.

grower does not separate male and female plants. So we do not know what mix of male and female plants you will receive. If you want to be certain you have a male pollinator so you get berries, you can always buy a known male at a nursery and plant it within 50'. Sun/Partial Sun/Native/Attracts Butterflies/Attracts Birds in winter. 18-24" bare root seedlings, 5 for \$20

Price: \$20 for 5



Yellow Osier Dogwood (Cornus sericea)

Cornus sericea – Soil/site: moist. Uses: stream bank erosion control. Fruit: clusters of white berries in July-August. Wildlife values: fruit preferred by many species of songbirds and game birds. Tolerates partial shade. The bright yellow twigs seen in the winter are browsed by deer, moose, rabbits. Mature height: up to 12 feet. 1 year, 6-12" bare root seedlings, \$10 for 5

Price: \$10 for 5